

# WELCAST STEELS LIMITED

## Policy for Preservation & Archival of Documents

### 1. BACKGROUND

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (“SEBI”), vide its Notification dated September 2, 2015, issued the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“SEBI Listing Regulations”). The SEBI Listing Regulations came into force from December 1, 2015. Regulation 9 of the SEBI Listing Regulations mandate listed entities to formulate a Policy for preservation and archiving of documents. It is in this context that the Document Preservation and Archival Policy (“Policy”) is being framed and implemented by Welcast Steels Limited (“the Company” or “WSL”).

### 2. DEFINITIONS

1. **“Act”** means the Companies Act, 2013, Rules framed thereunder and any amendments thereto;
2. **“Electronic Form”** means any contemporaneous electronic device such as computer, laptop, compact disc, floppy disc, space on electronic cloud, or any other form of storage and retrieval device, considered feasible, whether the same is in possession or control of the Company or otherwise the Company has control over access to it
3. **“Maintenance”** means keeping Documents, either physically or in Electronic Form.
4. **“Preservation”** means to keep in good order and to prevent from being altered, damaged or destroyed.
5. **“Regulations”** means Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and any amendments thereto.

### 3. OBJECTIVE OF THE POLICY

The objective of this Policy is –

- (i) To classify documents which need to be preserved permanently;
- (ii) To classify documents which need to be preserved for a specific period of time;
- (iii) To classify documents for disposal and deletion; and
- (iv) To help employees of the Company in understanding their obligations in retaining and preserving the documents and records.

### 4. POLICY

The corporate records of Welcast Steels Limited are important assets.

Corporate records include essentially all records, whether paper or in electronic form. A record may be in the form of a memorandum, an e-mail, a contract or a case study and

includes computerized desk calendar, an appointment book or an expense record etc. The law requires the Company to maintain certain types of corporate records either permanently or for a specified period of time. Failure to retain the records could subject the employees and the Company to penalties and fines, cause the loss of rights, obstruct justice, adversely impact potential evidence in a lawsuit, place the Company in contempt of court, or seriously disadvantage the Company in litigation.

The Company expects all employees to fully comply with this Policy, provided that all employees should note the following general exception to any stated destruction schedule:

If an employee has reasons to believe, or the Company informs the employee concerned, that Company records are relevant to litigation or potential litigation (i.e., a dispute that could result in litigation), then the employee must preserve those records until the Legal or Respective Department determines that the records are no longer needed. This exception supersedes any previously or subsequently established destruction schedule for those records. If an employee(s) believe that exception may apply, or has any question regarding the possible applicability of that exception, he/she may contact the Head of his Department.

The Company, from time to time establishes retention or destruction policies or schedules for specific categories of records in order to ensure legal compliance, and also to accomplish other objectives, such as preserving intellectual property. While minimum retention periods are suggested, the retention of the documents identified in those schedules and of documents not included in the identified categories should be determined by the Head of the Department, primarily by the application of the general guidelines affecting document retention identified above, as well as any other pertinent factors.

Broadly, there are two kinds of Company records- Temporary and Retained.

#### **TEMPORARY RECORDS**

Temporary records include all business documents that are intended to be superseded by final or permanent records, or which are intended to be used only for a limited period of time, including, but not limited to written memoranda and dictation to be typed in the future, reminders, to-do lists, reports, drafts, and interoffice correspondence regarding a client or business transaction.

Temporary records can be destroyed or permanently deleted if in electronic form when a project or matter closes. Upon closing of such temporary files, the respective departments shall gather and review all such temporary records. Before destroying or deleting these documents, these departments make sure to have duplicates of all the final records pertaining to the project or matter. Upon destruction or deletion, these departments organize the final records (and duplicates) in a file marked "Final" and store them appropriately, as required under this Policy.

#### **RETAINED RECORDS**

Retained records include all business documents that are not superseded by modification or addition, including but are not limited to documents given (or sent via electronic form) to any third party not employed by the Company, or to any government agency; final memoranda and reports; correspondence; handwritten telephone memoranda not further transcribed; minutes; specifications; journal entries; cost estimates; etc.

#### **RECORD PRESERVATION/RETENTION SCHEDULE**

Each Head of the Department shall identify and at all times maintain a schedule of temporary and retained documents.

#### **Records as per the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Regulations**

The Company shall maintain all records as per the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Regulations for not less than 8 (Eight) Years. Documents that are to be made available on the Company's website in Compliance with the SEBI (Listing Regulations and Disclosure Obligations), 2015 will be made available on the website for a period of 5 years and thereafter will be archived for a period of 3 years.

#### **Tax Records**

Tax records includes, but are not limited to Documents concerning tax assessment, tax filings, tax returns, proof of deductions, appeal preferred against any claim made by the relevant tax Authorities. Tax Records shall be maintained for a period of 8 or for a period of 8 (Eight) Years after a final Order has been received with respect to any matter which was preferred for Appeal, as the case may be.

#### **Employment /Personnel Record**

The Company is required to keep certain documents relating to recruitment, employment and personnel information, performance review, action taken by or against any employee, complaints by or against any employee. These Documents relating to Employment or Personnel information shall be retained for a period of at least 8 (Eight) years.

#### **Press Releases**

Press Release shall include, but shall not be limited to, any intimation given to the press regarding financial results, profits, Meetings of the Board, General Meetings, and overall performance of the Company. The Company shall retain all Press Releases for at least 8 years.

#### **Legal Documents**

Legal Documents shall include, but shall not be limited to contracts, legal opinions, pleadings, Orders passed by any court or tribunal, Judgments, Interim Orders, Documents relating to cases pending in any Court or Tribunal or any other Authority empowered to give a decision on any matter , Awards, Documents relating to property matters.

A contract shall be retained for a period of 8 (Eight) Years or for 8 (Eight) Years after the expiry of the term of the contract, whichever is higher.

Documents relating to any property owned by the Company shall be retained perpetually. Other property Documents shall be retained for a period of 8 (Eight) Years or for a period of 8 (Eight) Years after the rights in such property ceases to exist, whichever is higher.

Orders passed by any Court or Tribunal or any Authority or Judgment which are final in nature and cannot be superseded shall be retained permanently. Interim Orders shall be retained till a Final Order is received or for a period of 8 (Eight) Years whichever is higher.

Pleadings shall be retained for a period of 8 (Eight) Years or till the matter has been disposed off, whichever is higher.

#### **Marketing and Sales Documents**

The Company shall retain relevant marketing and sales Documents for a period of at least 8(Eight) Years.

#### **Intellectual Property Documents and Licenses**

Intellectual Property Documents shall include, but shall not be limited to Copyrights, Trademarks, Patents, and Industrial Designs. Intellectual Property Rights Documents that are owned by the Company shall be retained by the Company permanently.

Licenses shall be retained till the time the validity of the License and for a period of 8 (Eight) Years thereafter or for a period of at least 8 (Eight) Years, whichever is higher.

### **RECORD MAINTENANCE AND STORAGE**

All records in physical form are to be maintained by the Records/Respective Department(s) at the respective locations.

Electronic version(s) of all of records are to be maintained within the Company's centralized electronic record software database, which is maintained by the IT Services Department.

### **DISPOSAL/DESTRUCTION OF RECORDS**

Disposal/Destruction as a normal administrative practice usually occurs because –

- The records are duplicated, unimportant or for short term use only; or
- The temporary records after the relevant or prescribed period.

Physical records required to be disposed of pursuant to the retention periods specified in the Document Preservation Schedule shall be disposed of either using a cross-cut shredder or by burning it. The Records/Admin. Department shall adopt appropriate procedures to permanently dispose of any non-paper physical records, such as photographs or audio/video recordings.

In the event that it is necessary to manually dispose of an electronic record, the IT Department shall use the "permanent delete" function to permanently dispose of electronic records.

A register of the Documents disposed/destroyed shall also be maintained. It shall state the brief particulars of the Documents destroyed, date of disposal/destruction and the mode of destruction. The entries in the register shall be authenticated by the Head of the concerned Department.

### **HOLD ON RECORD DESTRUCTION AND DELETION**

If a lawsuit or other proceeding involving the Company is reasonably foreseeable, all destruction of any possibly relevant documents, including e-mail, must cease immediately. Documents relating to the lawsuit or potential legal issue will then be retained and organized under the supervision of the Head of the concerned Department.

Violation of this aspect of the Company's Document Preservation and Archival Policy could subject the Company and the employees involved to civil and criminal penalties.

In the event of a Document Hold Direction, the IT Department shall immediately disable the "permanent delete" and "automatic delete" functions of the Company's software with respect to the designated records and disable the automatic deletion of recycle bins and deleted items folders on appropriate Company computers; the Records/Admin. Department shall immediately suspend all disposition of records maintained on-site or off-site location as appropriate; and the Head of the concerned Department shall immediately notify all appropriate employees by e-mail that they are not to dispose of relevant Temporary Records or other records until notified otherwise.

### **E-MAIL POLICIES**

All electronic communication systems as well as all communications and stored information transmitted, received, or contained on the Company's information systems are the property of the Company. Employees using this equipment for personal purposes do so at their own risk. Employees have no expectation of privacy in connection with the use of Company

equipment or with the transmission, receipt, or storage of information using the Company's equipment.

Compliance Officer may access communications and stored information at any time without notice or consent.

Employees should avoid using Company e-mail for personal purposes. Personal e-mails should be deleted as soon as possible.

E-mails relating to audit work papers and financial controls should be retained for at least 8 years.

All emails to the Company's Officers or Audit Committee relating to complaints on auditing, accounting, frauds or internal controls should be retained permanently.

Any messages exchanged between the Company and third parties (such as consultants and auditors) should be archived, regardless of their content. Instant messages have the same status as e-mails and should be treated identically.

## **5. POLICY REVIEW**

The Compliance Officer may review the Policy from time to time. Material Changes to the Policy will need the approval of the Board of Directors.

If there be any inconsistency between the terms of the Policy and the SEBI Listing Regulations, the provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations shall prevail.

Any amendments to the SEBI Listing Regulations shall mutatis mutandis be deemed to have been incorporated in this Policy.

## **6. EFFECTIVE DATE**

The Policy as approved by the Board of Directors shall be effective from December 1, 2015.

## **7. COMPLIANCE**

Failure to comply with this Document Preservation & Archival Policy may result in disciplinary action. Questions about this policy should be referred to the Compliance Officer, who is in charge of administering, enforcing and updating this policy.

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